## Oxygen

# Service Manual



he pictures and product features shown n this manual, as well as some nouns, can only be used as reference, please take the ctual product as the standard.All the ata mentioned in this manual comes

irbrushing can be one of the most difficult and challenging nethods of painting out there, It needs skills and knowledge. lease read the manual before you start. or you can contact us for more information.

rom the company's laboratory.

### Part Identification



1.Nozzle

2.Fluid Control Knob

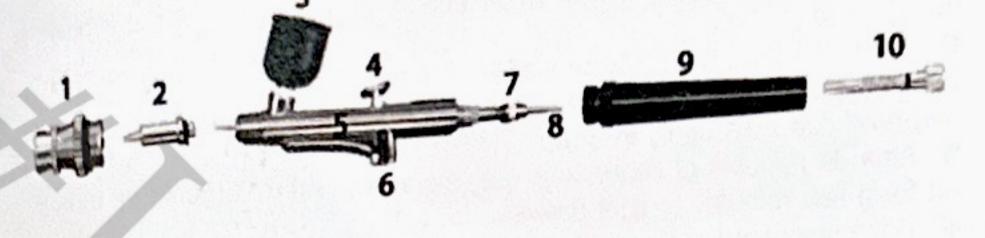
3.Ergonomic Trigger

4.Compressor

5. Gravity Fluid Cup Cap

6.Gravity Fluid Cup

7.Handle 8.Airbrush Body 9.Type-C Charging Port 10.Power Button 11.Indicator Light



1.Nozzle Cap 2.Fluid Nozzle 3.Gravity Fluid Cup 4.Ergonomic Trigger

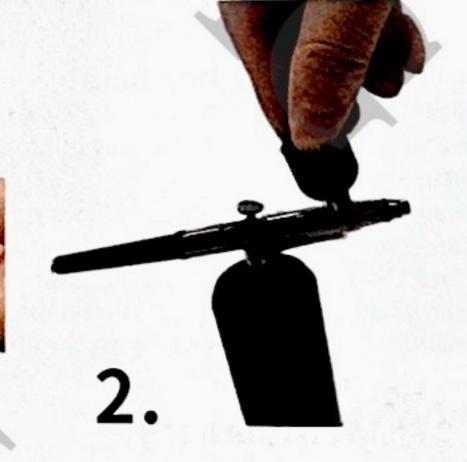
5. Airbrush Body 6.Compressor Connection 7. needle chucking nut 8.Needle

9.Handle 10. Fluid Control Knob

## How to assemble

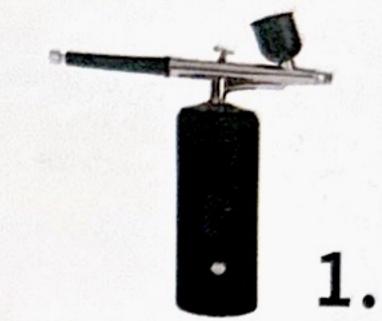


Screw on single-action airbrush



Screw on proper fluid cup

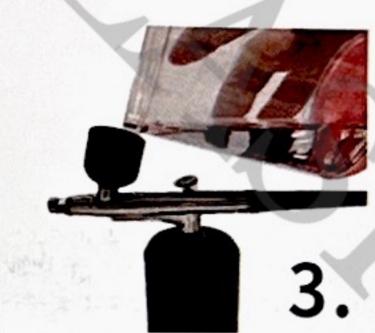
### How to use



 Assemble the single-action airbrush and fluid cup on compressor properly.



 Thin paint correctly (Thinning the paint correctly is important. as thick paint would clog airbrush easily ).



 Put the thinned paint or other liquid into fluid cup.



 Press the power button to turn on the device and choose your proper air pressure.



 Gradually pull the trigger back to release the paint flow.



 Unscrew the jet valve Adjust the amount of mist

### How to Hold Airbrush



 Hold the airbrush just like you would a pencil but, allow your index finger to reach the trigger on top.



 You Can Use Your Free Hand to Support the Hand Controlling the Airbrush.



 Hold the top of the compressor, allow your thumb to reach the trigger on top.

### **How to Charge**

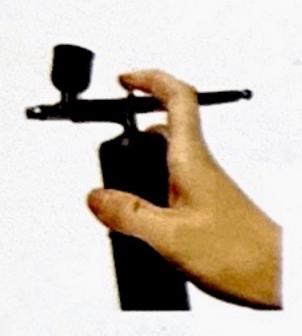


Plug the type C of the charging cable into the charging port on compressor, and the usb of the charging cable into your phone

(Recommended to use a 5V/1A or 5V/2A adapter or computer power bank)

\*Adapter is not included in box

### How to clean



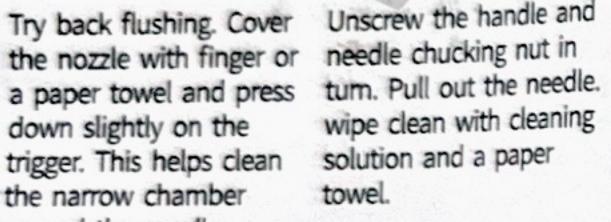
Put water or airbrush cleaner to the fluid cup and spray.



the nozzle with finger or needle chucking nut in a paper towel and press turn. Pull out the needle. down slightly on the trigger. This helps clean the narrow chamber

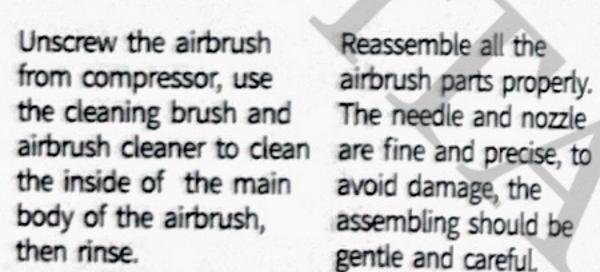
around the needle

then rinse.





arefully unscrew the eedle cap,nozzle cap nd fluid nozzle, clean nem with cleaning rush and airbrush eaner, and rinse.



### **Specifications**

Nozzle Size:0.35mm Air Pressure: 22 PSI/ 28 PSI 38 PSI(3levels ) Input:5V/1A( Recommended to use a 5V/1A or 5V/2A adapter, or computer. power bank to charge ) Output: 7.4 V

Battery Capacity: 950 mAh Working Time:40+ mins Material: Aluminum Alloy

( Due to the improvement of the products, some specifications may be changed without prior notice.)

#### Do's & Don'ts

Here are just a couple of things that you Do and Don't want to do during airbrushing, that might help you make Airbrushing a little more enjoyable

- Although Acrylic paint is non toxic, always spray in a ventilated area.
- Always wear a protective mask while Airbrushing any type of paint. When spraying Urethane paints, always wear a OSHA approved respirator in side a certified spray booth
- Never leave paint in the Airbrush
- Do not use gasoline as a cleaner
- Do not use abrasives to clean Airbrush parts (Steel wool, Brilo pads, sand paper...etc)
- Always use the appropriate reducers and cleaners
- For Acrylic Paints use Water or Urethane
- For Food Coloring Paints use Water

### Using Tips

- Please test the airbrush with water before use to make sure the airbrush is
- When finishing the spraying work or have to stop for more than 10 minutes, please use the cleaning brush to clean the airbrush cavity, nozzle, and fluid cup thoroughly in time.
- After 30 minutes of continuous use, the air compressor should be turned off for a few minutes to cool down.
- Don't soak your airbrush. Even though it might sound like a simple cleaning solution, doing so will actually damage the more sensitive parts of
- Please use water-based makeup foundations instead of oil-based makeup foundations, you need to use makeup foundations made for airbrushes otherwise it will clog the nozzle.
- Please do not use the airbrush when charging.
- If the trigger starts to feel sticky, use one of the special lubricants that are specifically designed for airbrushes.
- If the airbrush can't spray liquid, it may be because the fluid control knob is too tight or the nozzle is blocked. Please try to adjust thee fluid control knob or clean the nozzle with alcohol or detergent

### Airbrush problems and solutions

#### Airbrush not spraying paint

The most often cause for this problem is a blocked nozzle, but it can also be thick paint, a loose needle chucking nut as well as low or inadequate air pressure. Solutions:

- Clean and soak the nozzle to unblock it.
- Thin your paint with a suitable reducer and then try spraying.
- Check if the needle-chucking nut is loose and tighten it.
- If the issue is the pressure, try screw the airbrush better on compressor. if the airbrush has not screwed well, the pressure may be too low to spray.

#### Airbrush clog

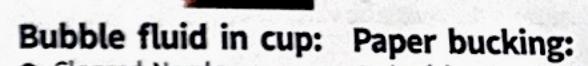
You got the airbrush in your hand and you' re ready to go, then you realize there is a clog. This problem has a quick and easy solution. Solutions:

- Strain and thin the paint.
- Deal with the tip dry.
- Rinse out the airbrush by turning up the air pressure.
- Deep clean the airbrush.

### Troubleshooting







Nozzle or Air cap

Damaged Nozzle

 Nozzle cap or air cap is loose

 Damaged or cracked Nozzle



#### Clogged Nozzle

- Low air pressure

Not spraying:

Loose needle

chucking nut

Nozzle is clogged

Trigger depressed for air, but airbrush sprays paint

Unscrew the needle-locking nut and then lightly push the needle forward till it is

It cases where the airbrush sprays just a blob of paint when the trigger is depressed.

This problem in particular has various causes, starting from paint consistency,

For thick paint, just use a suitable reduce and reduce the paint to a milky consistency.

Nozzle and tip dry - remove the needle and then the tip dry.if residue pain tis build-up

If the paint is over reduced and is too thin or runny this can easily happen. In addition,

if the paint is applied too heavily on a non-porous surface or even by operating at a

For too much paint applied just do not draw the trigger back so far or even increase the

distance from the surface.needle cap, nozzle or air cap, just clean it or replace it if needed

Clearly, this means that air pressure has entered the paint reservoir. This could occur due

to an air leak in the nozzle area/air cap or due to tip dry/blocked nozzle, a loose air

If the needle is damaged, just remove it and clean it using a cloth dampened with

damaged needles.low air pressure, partially block nozzle or tip dry.

in the needle cap, nozzle or air cap, just clean it or replace it if needed.

Add paint into the mix or reduce the air pressure.

Bubbles appear in the gravity cup

Tip dry/ blocked nozzle - clean it or replace if needed

Nozzle seal wom/damaged - replacement needed.

cap/head or even a split airbrush nozzle.

Loose air cap/head -just tighten it.

Split nozzle - replacement needed.

This can be caused by the needle not sitting flush in the nozzle.

inside the nozzle. After that, tighten the needle-locking nut.

Use a flat sharpening stone to straighten the needle tip

Off center spray pattern

Alternatively, replace the needle.

Solutions:

airbrush cleaner

it can occur

Solutions:

Solutions:

Spider spray pattern

very high air pressure.

Spattering and poor spraying

The cause is the needle tip which is bent.



#### Applying too much

- is loose





paint in one area

#### Spattering:

Dirty airbrush

Spitting:

Nozzle is clogged

Dried paint on needle

- Paint is too thick
- Air pressure too low
- Dried paint on the end of needle

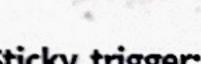
### Spider:

- Paint is to thin Airbrush too close to
- surface with too much paint flowing

#### **Grainy spray:** Dirty airbrush

- Low air pressure
- Paint is too thick





### Sticky trigger:

and lubed

 Sticky trigger: Trigger and air valve packing need cleaning

#### **Pulsating:** Air pressure too

 Compressor not powerful enough